TREATY

For the Restraining of Depredations, and Establishing of Peace

IN

AMERICA,

Between the CROWNS of

GREAT BRITAIN

and SPAIN.

Concluded at MADRID the 8th Day of July, in the Year of our Lord 1670.

Translated out of LATIN.

Published by his Pajelties Command.

In the SAVOT.

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill and Christopher Barker, Printers to the Kings Most Excellent Majesty, 1670.

TREATY

Control of Deliver, 12 of the second of the control of the second of the

MERICA

GREAT BRITZE

. . . 1 1. 1. 2 - Bes

Concluded at Madato the "Day of

Transfer de err e L. Le I. I.

publifico by tols Od their Command

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill and C. Mapher Larlys, Printers to the Kings Most Excel-Larlys Jent M. Joshys, 1670. Derreted on violit Part the Earl of Financials

Received the constant of the Earl of Financials

Received the Constant of the

A TREATY, for the composing of Differences, restraining of Depredations, and the establishing of Peace in AMERICA, between the Crowns of Great Britain and Spain.

Hereas for many years past the good Understanding and Correspondence between the English and Spanish Nations having been disturbed in AMERICA, It pleased the Most Serene and

Powerful Prince CHARLES King of Great Britain, &c. in order to the Restoring and Regulating the same, for the future to send into spain. His Envoy Extraordinary Sir William Godolphin Kuight, with full Authority and Power to make any Treaty convenient and proper for that end: And likewise the Most Serene and Powerful CHARLES King of Spain, &c. and the Queen-Regent MABIA-ANNA, &c. for the carrying on work of so much Piety and Publick-Good, A 2 Deputed

Deputed on their Part the Earl of Penaranda, Councellor of State, and Prefidence the Indies, to Conferr, Treat, and conclude thereupon with the faid Sir William Godolphin: At length they mutually refolved and agreed upon the Articles of the following Treaty in Virtue of their several Commissions.

I

Ist, In is Agreed between the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries. Sir William Godolphin and the Earl of Penaranda in the Names of the Most Serene Kings respectively their Masters, That the Articles of Peace and Allyance made between the Crowns of Great-Britain and Spain in Madrid on the 1 of May 1667, or any clause thereof shall in no manner be deemed or understood to be taken away, or abrogated by this present. Treaty; but that the same shall remain perpetually in their ancient force, stability and vigour, so farr forth as they are not contrary or repugnant to this present Convention and Articles, or to any thing therein contained.

II.

That there be an Universal Peace, true and sincere Amity in AMERICA, as in the other parts of the World, between the most Serene Kings of Great Britain and Spain, their Heirs and Successors, and between the Kingdoms, States, Plantations, Colonies, Forts, Cities, Islands and Domini-

langing unto cither of them, and between the People and Inhabitants under their respective Obedience, which shall endure from this day for ever, and be observed inviolably, as well by Land as by Sea and fresh Waters, so as to promote each the Welfare and Advantage of the other, and favour and assist one another with mutual Love; and that every where, as well in those remote Countries as in these which are nearer; the faithful Offices of good Neighbourhood and Friendship may be exercised, and encrease between them.

III.

A Lío, that for the time to come, all Enmities, Hostilities and Discords between the said Kings their Subjects and Inhabitants, cease, and be abolished: And, that both Parties do altogether forbear and abstain from all Plundering, Depredation, Injuries and Infestation whatsoever, as well by Land as by Sea, and in fresh-waters, every where.

IV.

The faid Most Serene Kings shall take care that their Subjects do accordingly abstain from all Force and wrong doing: And they shall Revoke all Commissions and Letters of Reprisal and Mart, or otherwise containing Licence to take Prizes, of what condition or kind, A 3 soever,

foever, being to the Prejodice of the one or other of the faid Bings, or of their Subjects, whether the fame have been given or granted by them unto Subjects or Inhabitants, or unto Strangers; and shall declare the same to be void and of no force, as by this Treaty of Peace they are declared so to be? And whosever shall do any thing to the contrary, he shall be punished not only Criminally according to the merit of his Offence, but shall also be compell'd to make Restitution and Satisfaction for the Losses to the Parties damnified, requiring the same.

V.

A Nd furthermore, the faid Kings shall denounce, as by the Tenour of these Presents every of them hath and doth Renounce, whatsoever League, Confederation, Capitulation, and Intelligence made by what manner soever in the Prejudice of the one or the other, which doth or may repugn against this Peace and Concord, and all and singular the Contents thereof: All which and every of them, so farr as they do concern the effect aforesaid, they shall annul and make void, and declare to be of no force or moment.

fie be ever moved concern

VI.

The Prisoners on both sides, one and all, of what degree or condition soever, detained by reason of any Hostilities hitherto committed in AMERICA shall be forthwith set at liberty, without Ransom, or any other Price of their Freedom.

VII.

A Li Offences, Damages, Loffes, Injuries, which the Nations and People of Great Britain and Spain have at any time heretofore, upon what Caufe or Pretent foever suffered by each other in America, shall be expunged out of remembrance, and buried in Oblivion, as if no

fach thing had ever paft.

Moreover, It is Agreed, That the Most Serene King of Great Britain, His Heirs and Successions, shall have, hold, keep and enjoy for ever, with plenary Right of Soveraignty, Dominion, Possession and Propriety all those Lands, Regions, Islands, Colonies and Places whatsoever, being or structed in the WEST-INDIES, or in any Part of AMERICA, which the said King of Great Britain and His Subjects do at present hold and posses; So as that in regard thereof, or upon any Colour or Presence whatsoever, Nothing more may or ought to be urged, not any Question on Controversing.

fie be ever moved concerning the same here-

VIII.

its bas one and all.

"He Subjects and Inhabitants, Merchants, Captains, Masters of Ships, Mariners of the Kingdoms, Provinces and Dominions of each Confederate respectively, shall abstain and forbear to Sail and Trade in the Ports and Havens which have Fortifications, Castles, Magazines or Ware-houses, and in all other places whatfoever poffessed by the other Party in the WEST-INDIES; to wit, The Subjects of the King of Great Britain shall not Sail unto, and Trade in, the Havens and Places which the Catholique King holdeth in the faid INDIES: Nor in like manner shall the Subjects of the King of spain Sail unto, or Trade in those Places which are Possessed there by the King of Great Britain.

IX.

Pult, if at any time hereafter either King fhall think fit to grant unto the Subjects of the other any general or particular Licence or Priviledges of Navigating unto, and Trading in, any places under His Obedience who shall grant the same, The said Navigation and Trade shall be exercised and maintained according

according to the Form, Tenour and Effect of the said Permissions or Priviledges to be allowed and given; For the Security, Warrant and Autority whereof, this present Treaty and the Ratisscation thereof shall serve.

ishin the Conix or Dominions of the

Confederate, their People and Schools

T is also Agreed, That in case the Subjects and Inhabitants of either of the Confederates, with their Shipping (whether publick and of Warr, or private and of Merchants) be forced at any time, through stress of Weather, Pursuit of Pyrates and Enemies, or other inconvenience whatfoever, for the feeking of shelter and harbour, to retreat and enter into any of the Rivers, Creeks, Bayes, Havens, Roades, Shoars, and Ports belonging to the other in AMERICA, they shall be received and treated there with all Humanity and Kindness, and enjoy all friendly Protection and Help: And it that be lawful for them to refresh and provide themselves at Reasonable, and the Usual Rates, with Victuals and all things Needful, either for the sustenance of their Persons, or reparation of their Ships, and conveniency of their Voyage; And they shall in no manner be detained or hindred from returning out of the faid Ports or Roads, but shall remove and depart: rear when and whither they pleafe, without of the faid Fermision tensioned and revents for the S. c. mity. War-allowed and givens For the S. c. mity. War-

rant and Antority 1 xhereof , this prefent

I kewise, If any Ships belonging to either Confederate, their People and Subjects, shall within the Coasts or Dominions of the other stick upon the Sands, or be Wrack'd, (which God forbid) or suffer any dammage, the Persons Shipwrack'd and cast on the Shore shall in no sort be kept Prisoners, but on the contrary all Friendly Assistance and Relief shall be Administred to their Distress, and Letters of Safe-conduct given them for their free and quiet Passage thence, and the return of every one to his own Country.

XII.

Dut when it shall happen; that the Ships of either (as is above-mentioned) through danger of the Sea, or other urgent Cause, be driven into the Ports and Havens of the other, if they be Three or Four together, and may give just ground of Suspition, they shall immediately upon their arrival acquaint the Governour, or Chief Magistrate of the Place with the Cause of their coming, and

shall stay no longer there then the said Governour or Chief Magistrate will permit, and shall be requisite for the Furnishing themselves with Victuals, and Reparation of their Ships: And they shall alwayes take care not to carry out of their Ships any Goods or Packs, exposing them to Sale, neither shall they receive any Merchandize on Board, nor do any thing contrary to this Treaty.

XIII.

B Oth Parties shall truly and firmly observe and execute this present Treaty; and all and every the matters therein contained, and effectually cause the same to be Observed and Performed by the Subjects and Inhabitants of either Nation.

XIV.

Nen this Treaty, nor beget hatred or differences between the foresaid Nations, but every one shall answer for his own proper Fact, and be prosecuted thereupon; Neither shall one man satisfic for the offence of another by Reprisals, or other such like odious proceedings, unless Justice be denied or unreasonably delayed; in which

case it shall be lawful for that King, whose Subject hath suffered the Loss and Injury, to take any Course according to the Rules and Method of the Law of Nations, untill reparation be made to the Sufferer.

X V.

of their Ships any Goods or

The present Treaty shall in nothing derogate from any Pre-eminence, Right or Dominion of either Confederate in the American Seas, Channels or Waters, but that they have and retain the same in as full and ample manner, as may of Right belong unto them: But, it is alwayes to be understood, that the Liberty of Navigation ought in no manner to be disturbed, where nothing is committed against the Genuine Sence and Meaning of these Articles.

XVI.

Aftly, The Solemn Ratifications of this present Treaty and Agreement, made in due form, shall be delivered on both sides, and mutually exchanged within the space of four Months from this day; And within eight Months, to be computed from the said Exchange of the Instruments, (or sooner if possible)

fible) they shall be Published in all convenient places throughout the Kingdoms, States, Islands and Dominions of both Confederates, as well in the West-Indies as elsewhere.

> In Testimony of all and singular the Contents hereof, We the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have Signed and sealed this present Treaty, At Madrid the the Day of July, in the Year of Our Lord 1670.

Printegables whether African among patter Bill and Christopher abusement Printers to the Kings Majest Excellent Majesty,

1 6 7 0.



Oble) they shall be Published in all convenier vacues alread tout the Ringdom. Ource, threele and Occupions of both Oash erates.

222262266222

and scaled the private fully, in the X O V AS adt nI.

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill and Christopher Barker,
Printers to the Kings Most Excellent Majesty,
1670.



